

A Facile Synthesis of Some Pyrazolo Analogues of Tricyclic Purine Derivatives via Hydrazoneyl Halides

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We describe a facile synthesis of the title compounds using hydrazoneyl halides as starting materials. Treatment of the 5-amino-4-cyanopyrazoles **7a,b**, prepared from the hydrazoneyl halides **5a,b** and malononitrile as previously

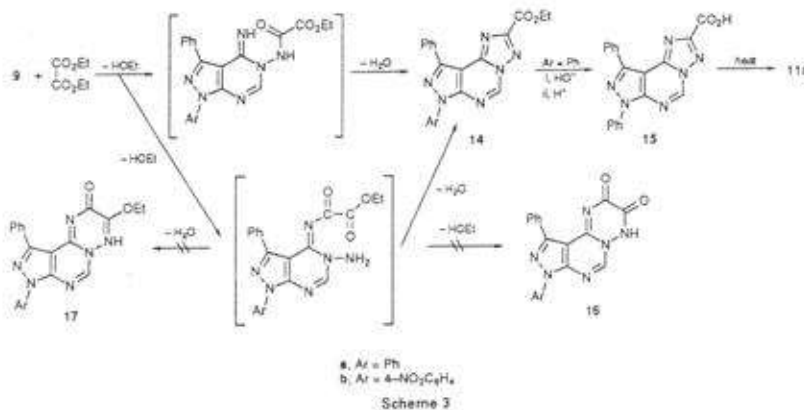
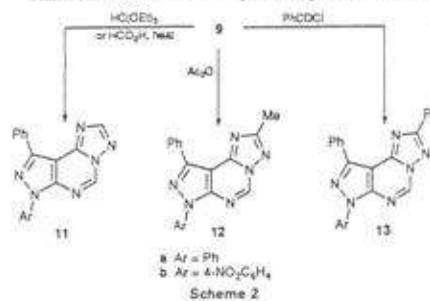
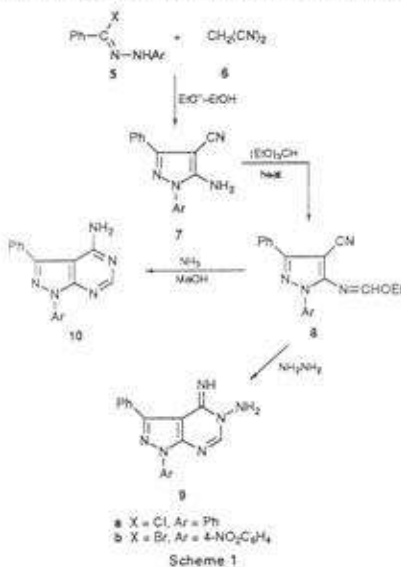
described,^{1,2} with triethyl orthoformate in acetic anhydride at reflux afforded the corresponding ethoxymethyleneamino derivatives **8a,b** in >90% yield (Scheme 1). Hydrazinolysis of the latter in ethanol at room temperature yielded the

5-amino-4-iminopyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidines **9**. Ammonolysis of **8a** in methanol yielded 4-amino-1,3-diphenyl-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidine **10a**, in 70% yield, identical in all respects (mp, mixed mp and spectra) with an authentic sample¹ obtained by refluxing **7a** with formamide (Scheme 1). The structures of products **8** and **9** were determined on the basis of elemental analyses, spectral data (mass and ¹H NMR) and the chemical transformations outlined below.

When **9** was refluxed with triethyl orthoformate or formic acid it afforded the corresponding 7,9-diaryl-7*H*-pyrazolo[4,3-*e*][1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*c*]pyrimidine **11** (Scheme 2), while with acetic anhydride and benzoyl chloride the respective 2-methyl (**12**) and 2-phenyl (**13**) derivatives were obtained.

Reaction of **9** with diethyl oxalate at reflux yielded **14**, which upon saponification was converted into the acid **15**. Decarboxylation of the latter afforded **11** (Scheme 3).

Reactions of **10a** with the hydrazoneyl halides **18a-c** in



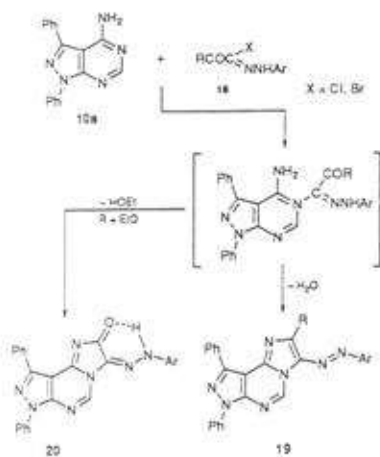
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a R = Me, Ar = 4-MeC₆H₄
 b R = 2-thienyl, Ar = Ph
 c R = EtO, Ar = Ph

Scheme 4

Techniques used: IR, ¹H NMR, mass spectrometry

References: 16

Schemes: 4

Table 1: Mps, ¹H NMR and elemental analytical data for the reaction products 7-20

Table 2: IR and ¹H NMR data for the reaction products 7-20

Received, 12th August 1993; Accepted, 7th October 1993
 Paper E/3/04897G

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